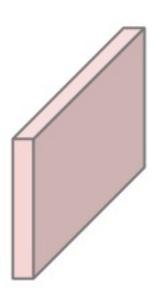
Convolutional Neural Networks for Computational Biology

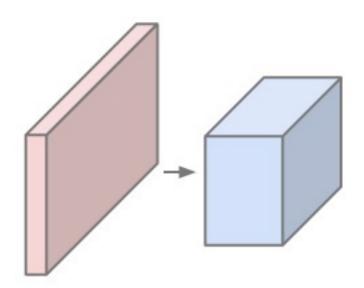
Matteo Manica tte@zurich.ibm.com

SIB Autumn School 2017

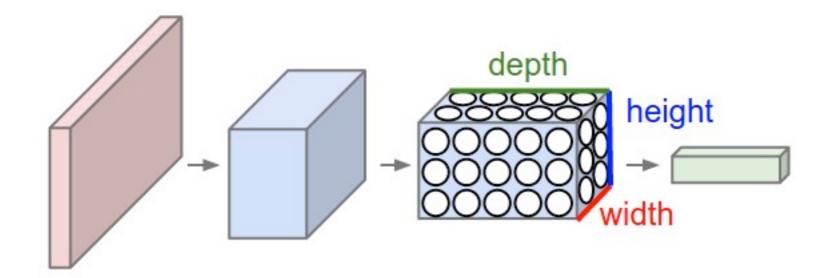
What's a CNN?



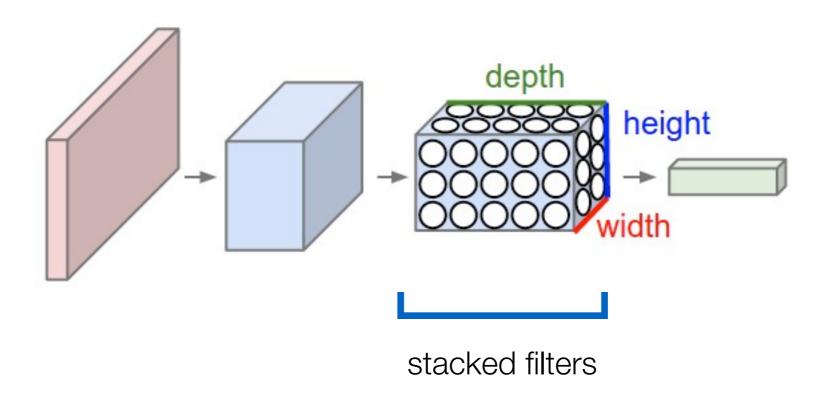
What's a CNN?



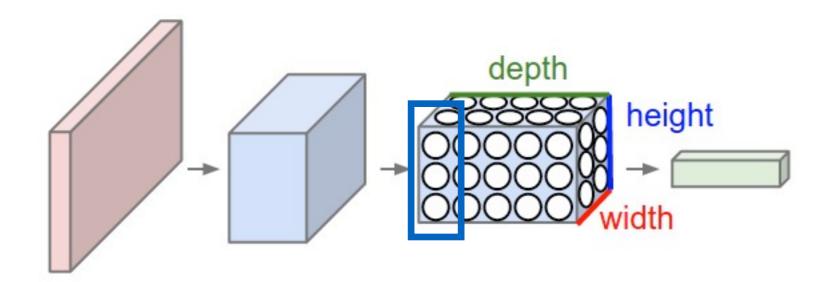
What's a CNN?



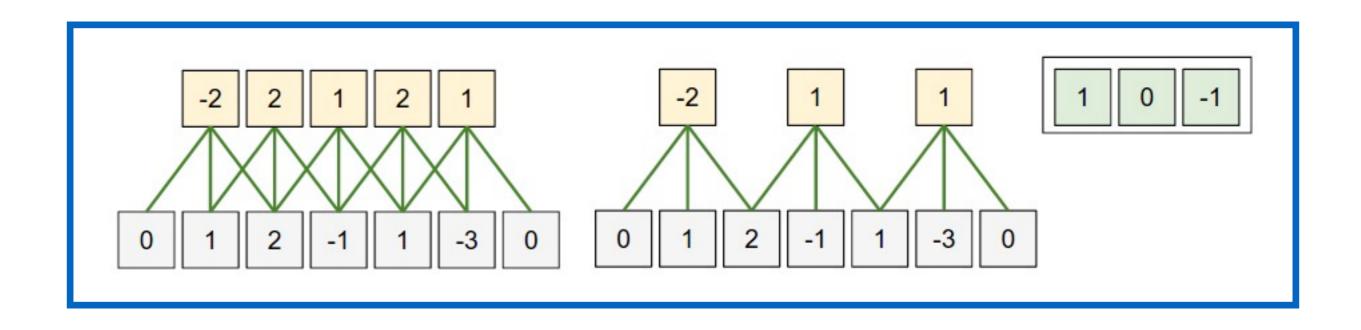
What's a convolutional layer?



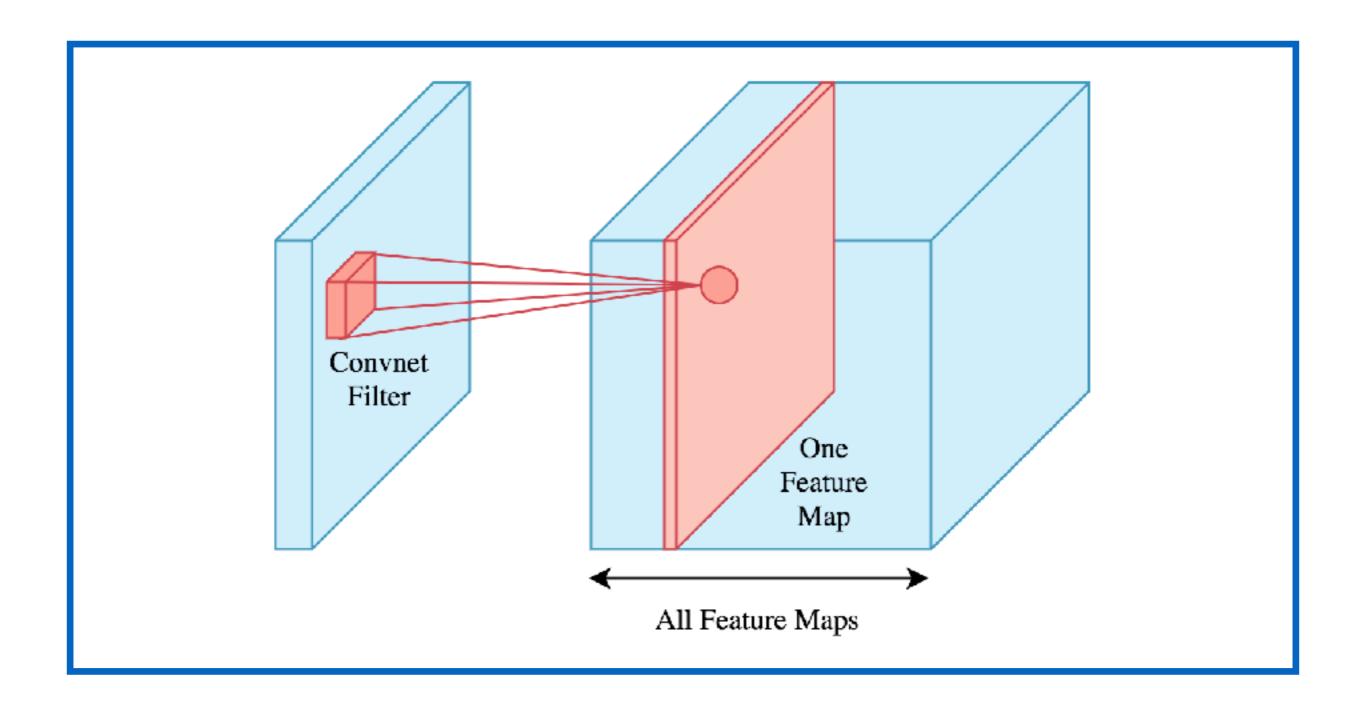
What's a filter?



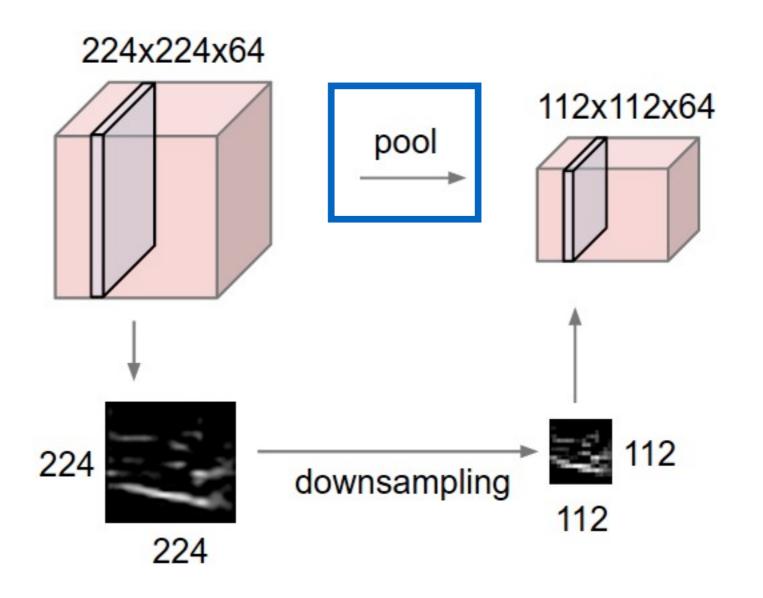
What's a filter?



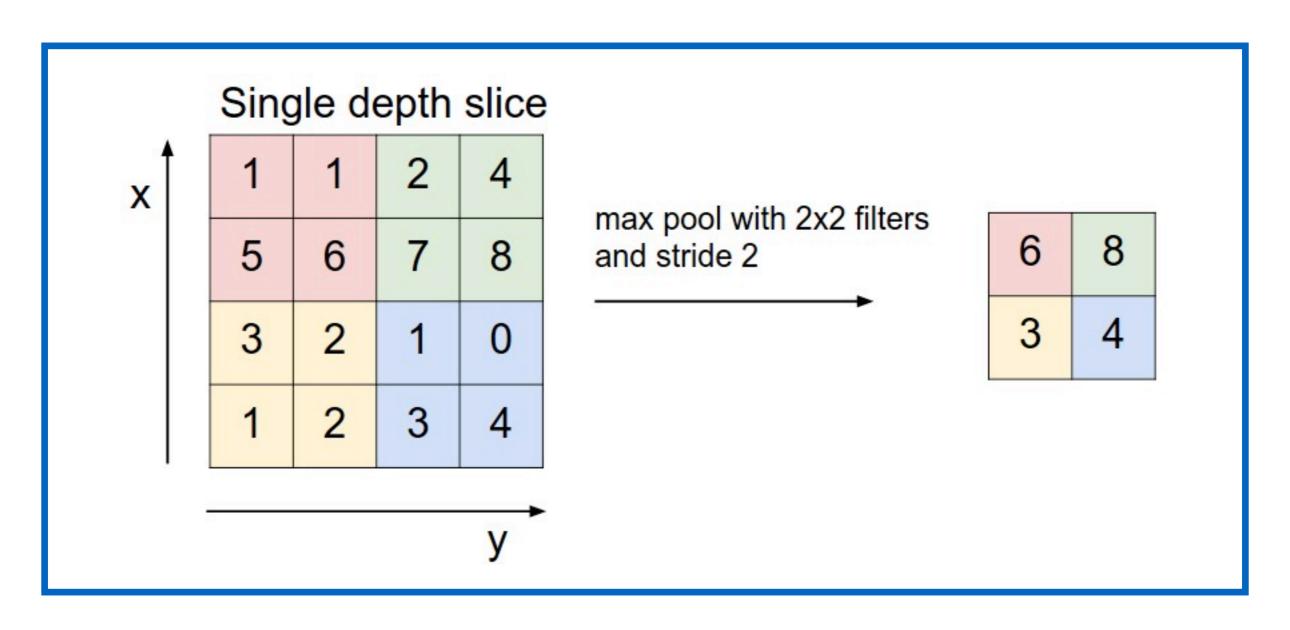
What's a filter?

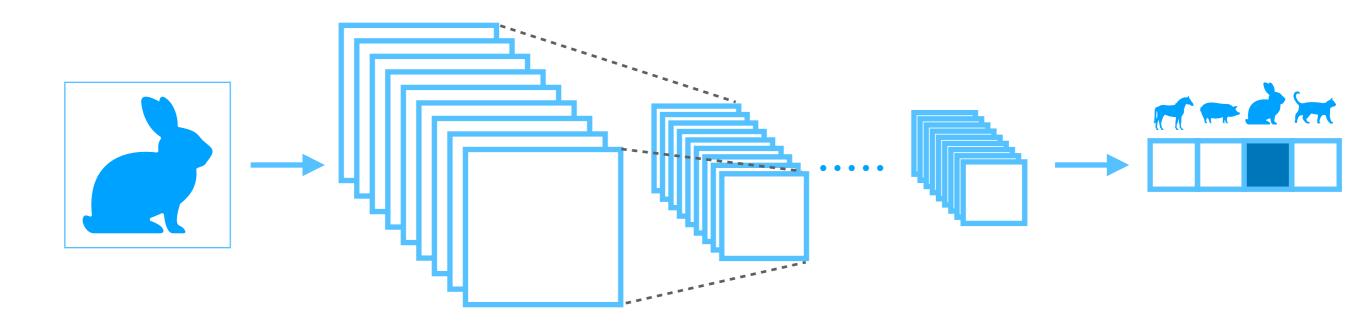


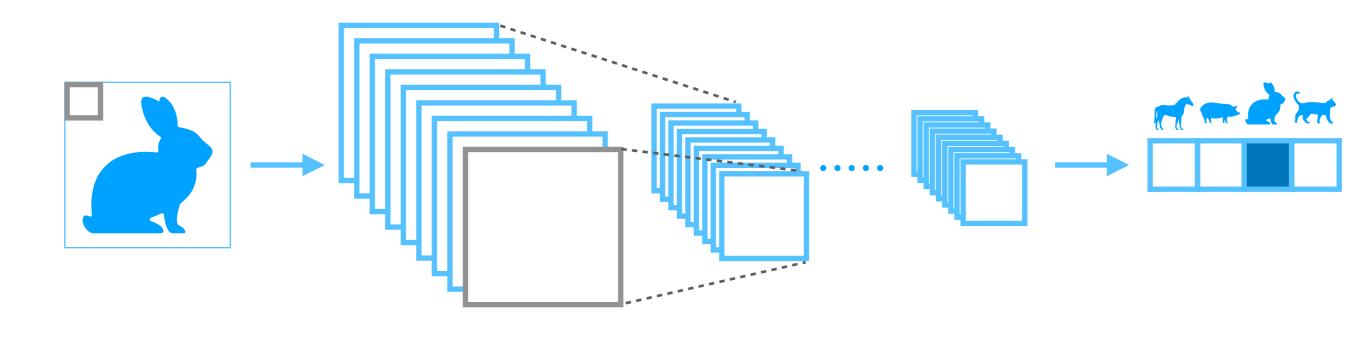
How do we reduce dimensionality?

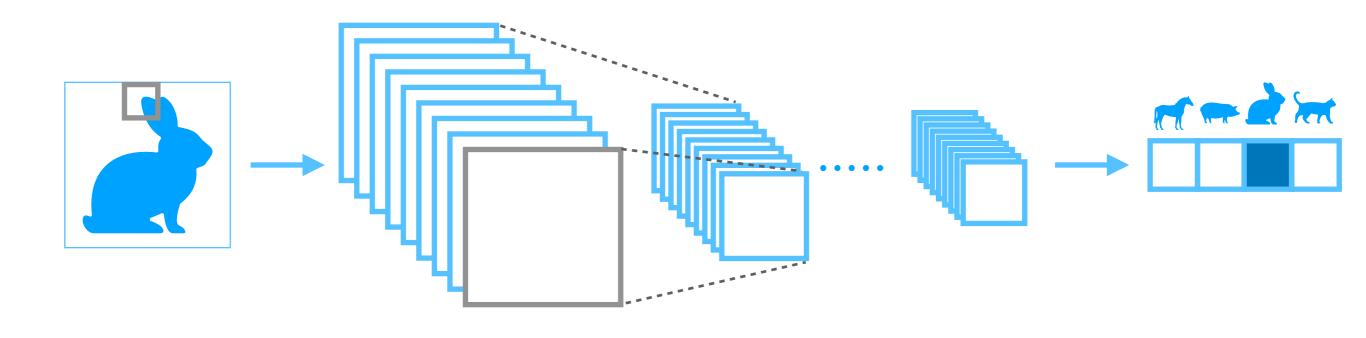


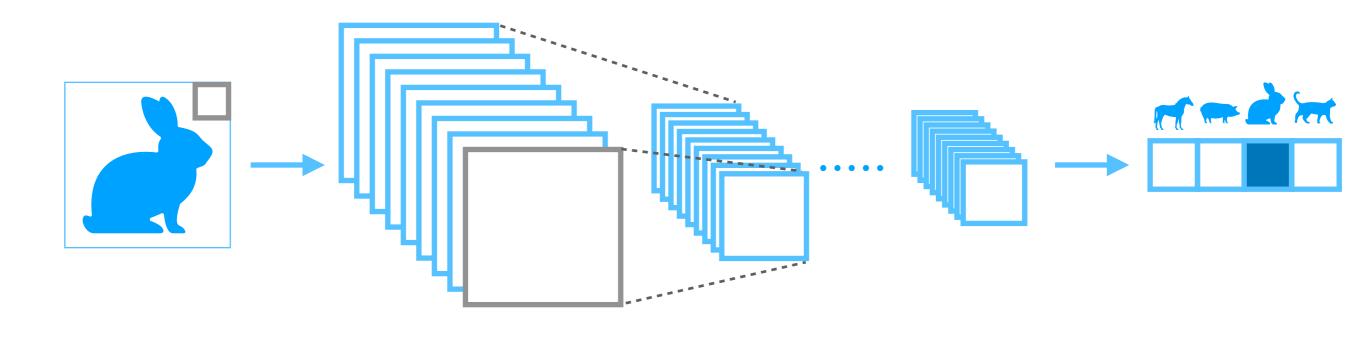
Pooling Layers











DNA motif analysis

Proteins sequence analysis

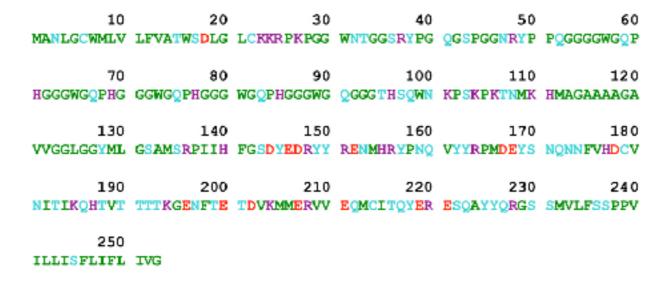
Histopathology imaging



DNA motif analysis

Proteins sequence analysis

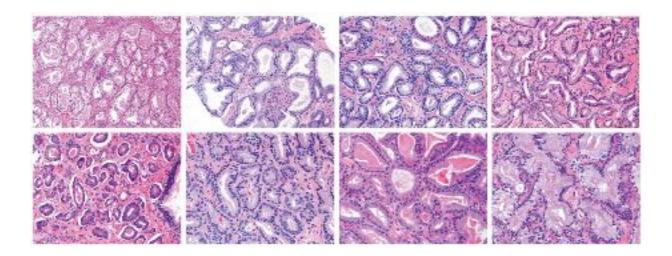
Histopathology imaging



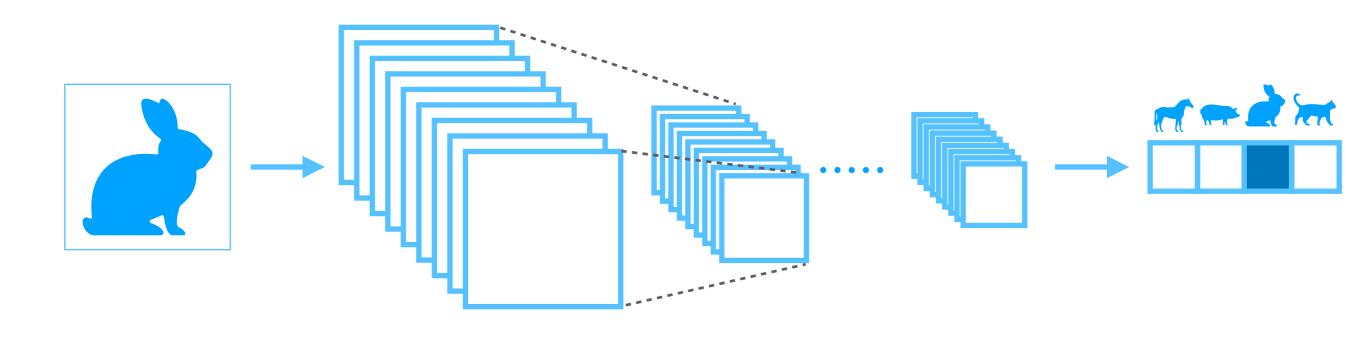
DNA motif analysis

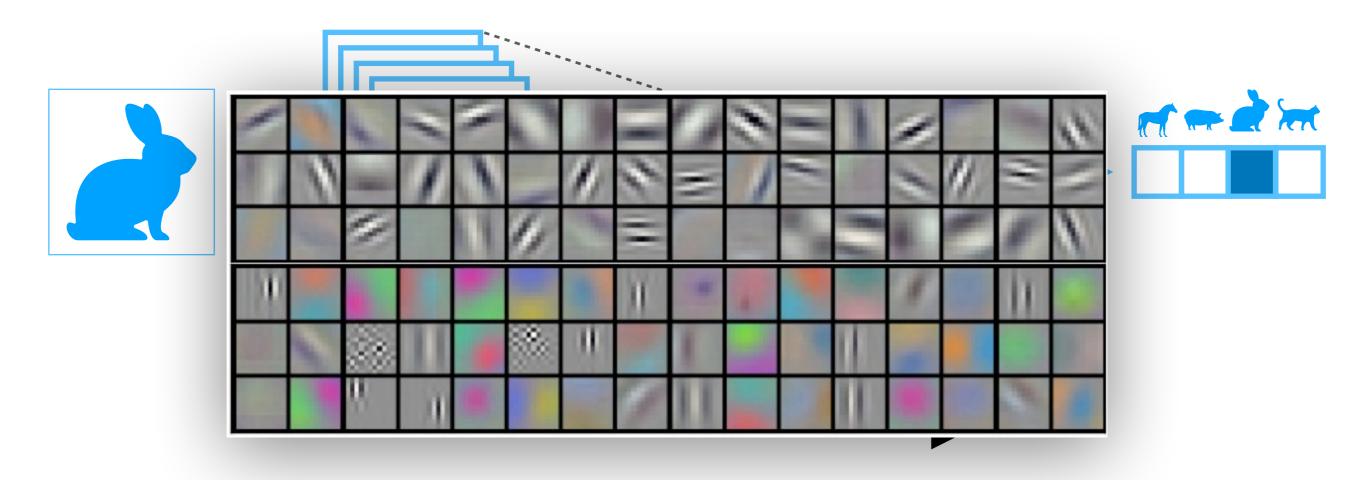
Proteins sequence analysis

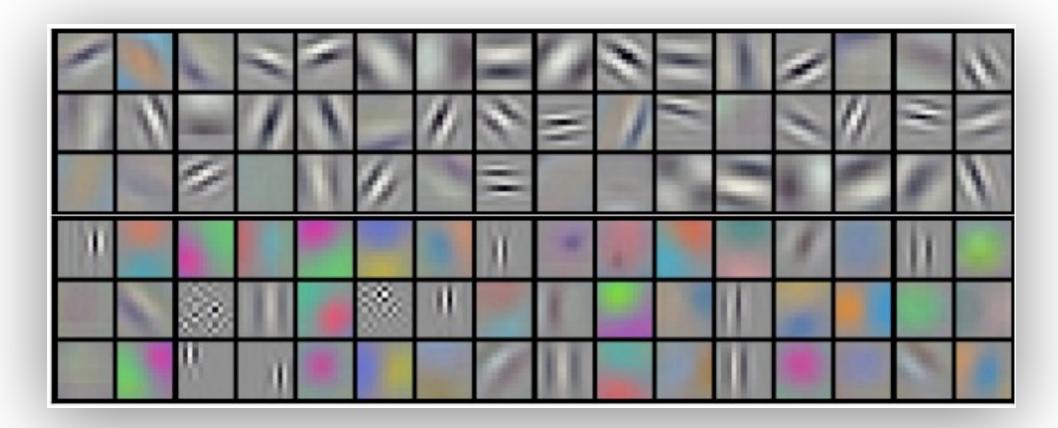
Histopathology imaging



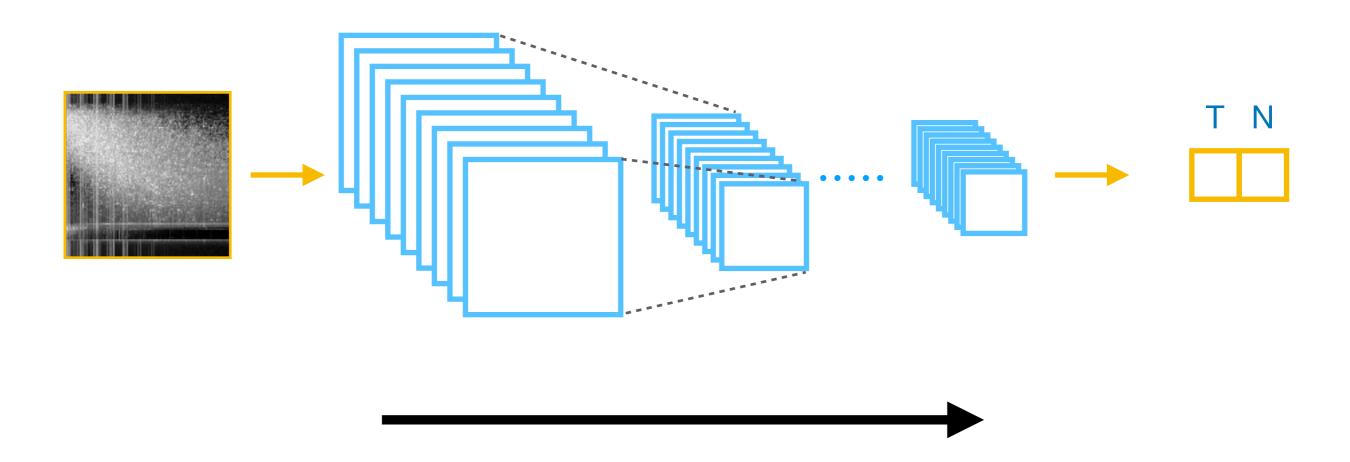
Copyright 2013 - The Johns Hopkins University. All rights reserved. Jonathan Epstein, M.D.





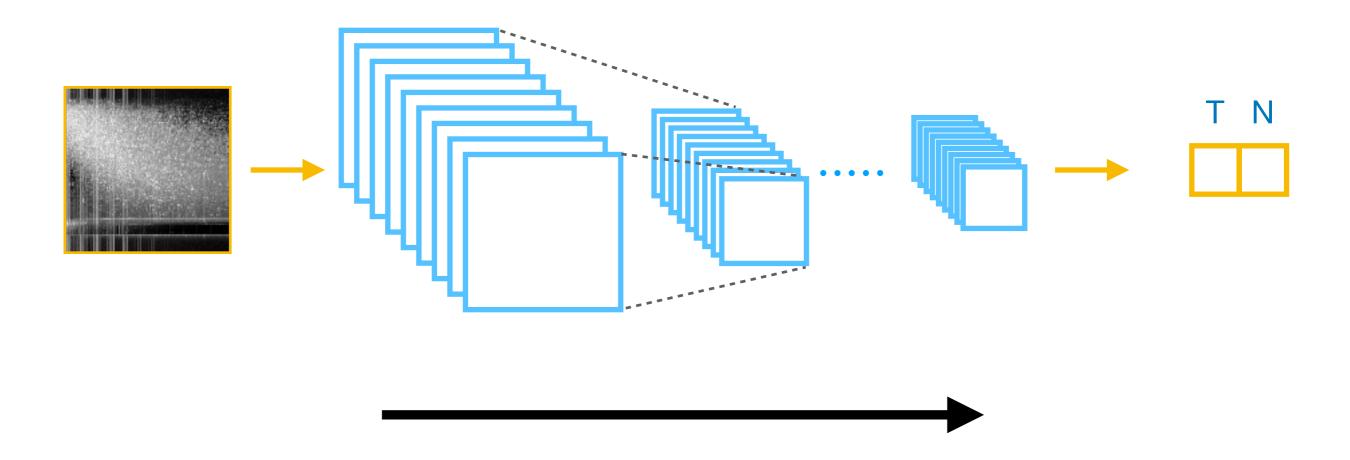


learned **filters encode** information about **shapes** and image **gradients** nothing specific about animals!



we can use the learned filters with other images

we can apply them on MS1 data by treating the raw data as images



with filters learned on animals images we reached ~70% of accuracy!

Let's use a CNN to detect a known DNA motif

open the jupyter notebook cnn.ipynb in your docker image

